



**SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS**

# **Dashboard and Visualization Best Practices for Oracle BI Applications**

## **ODTUG Kscope 2014**

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**Vlamis Software Solutions**

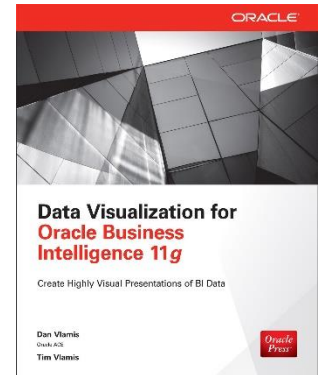
**816-781-2880**

**<http://www.vlamis.com>**



# VlamiS Software Solutions

- VlamiS Software founded in 1992 in Kansas City, Missouri
- Developed more than 200 Oracle BI systems
- Specializes in ORACLE-based:
  - Data Warehousing
  - Business Intelligence
  - Design and integrated BI and DW solutions
  - Training and mentoring
- Expert presenter at major Oracle conferences
- Authors of 2014 book “Data Visualization for Oracle BI 11g”
- Co-author of book “Oracle Essbase & Oracle OLAP”
- [www.vlamiS.com](http://www.vlamiS.com) (blog, papers, newsletters, services)
- Developer for IRI (former owners of Oracle OLAP)
- Beta tester for OBIEE 11g
- Conference chair for BIWA Summit 2014, 2015





**Ingredients → Data Quality & Variety**





# Technique → Data Processing & Prep

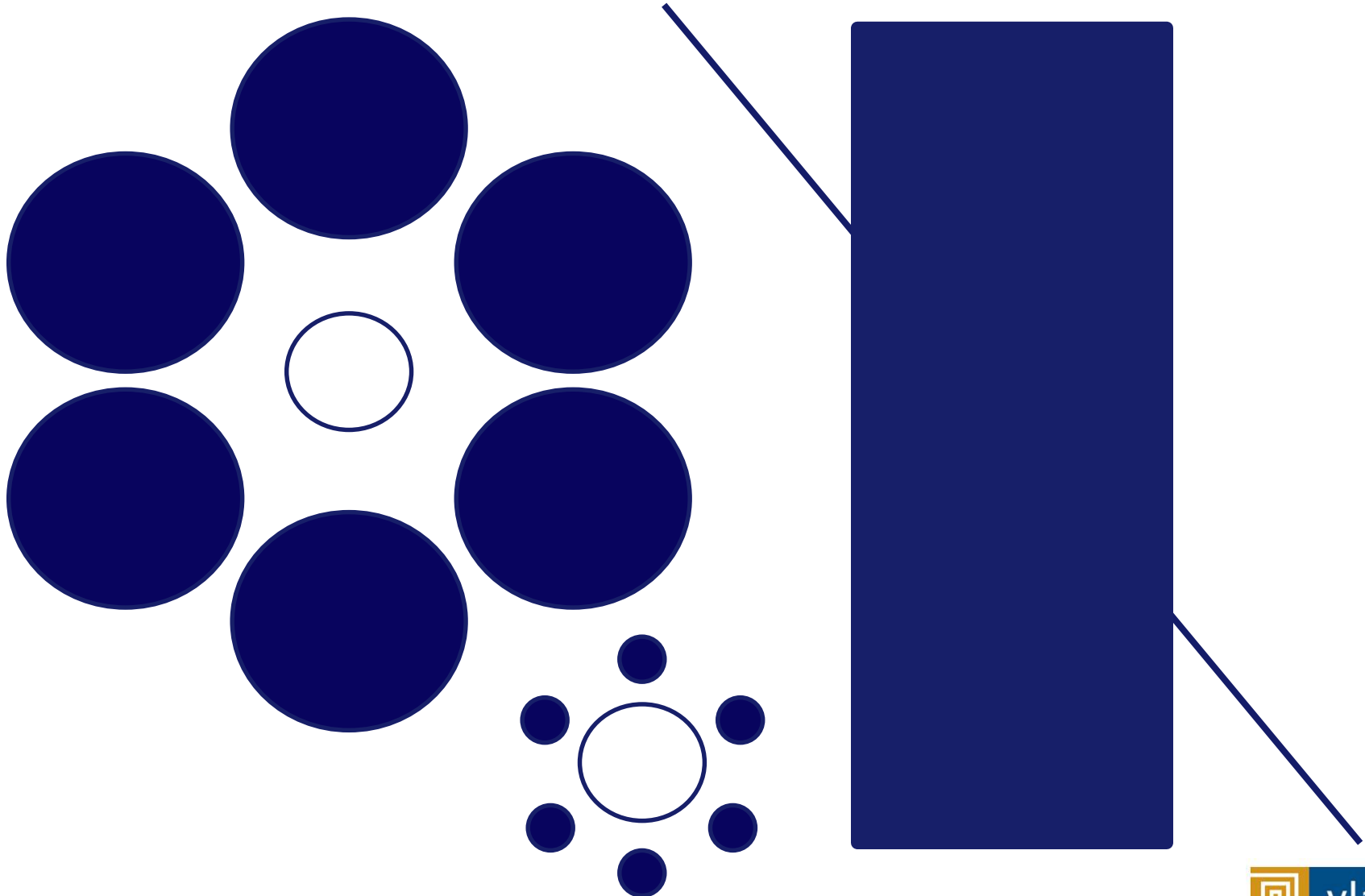


# Presentation → Data Visualization





# Classic Optical Illusions

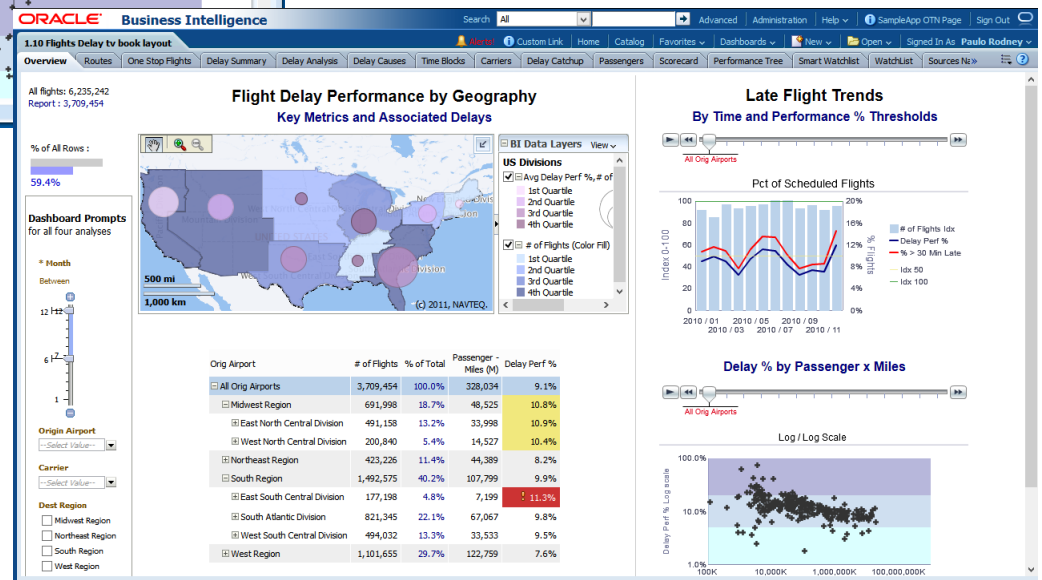
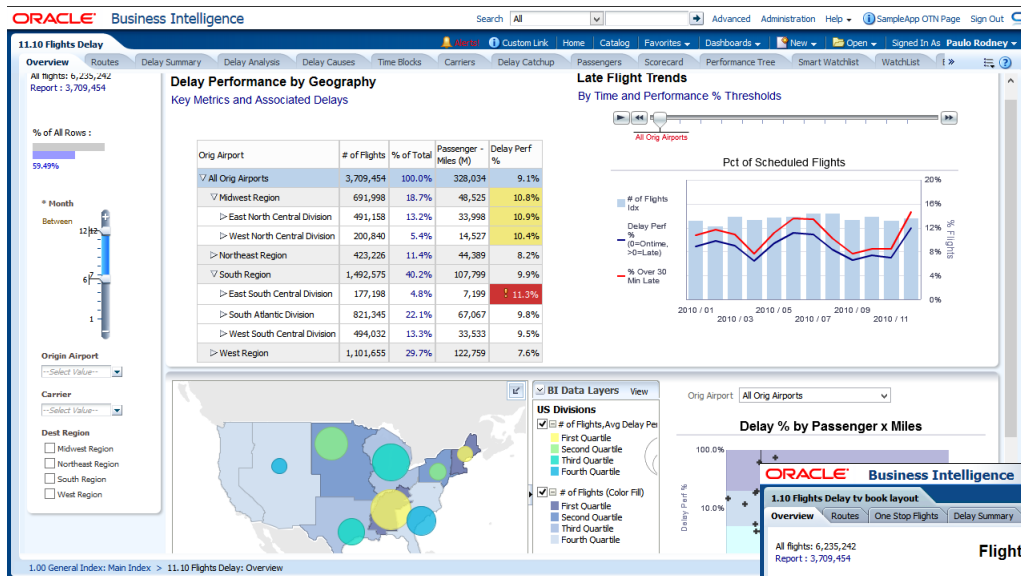




# The Principles of Human Cognition Should Guide BI Dashboard Design



# OBIEE Demo of Changes







# Dashboard Definition

*A Dashboard is a visual presentation of current summary information needed to manage and guide an organization or activity.*



# BI Dashboards are Different

- No mechanical systems needed to move indicators.
- Decisions are not typically made on a second-to-second basis.
- Data selection and filtering are hugely important.
- Dashboards are typically not single situation or single person devices.



# BI Dashboards

- Role-based.
- Data selection and filtering are extremely important.
- Dashboards support evidenced-based decision making.
- Shared understanding of business situation is a key benefit.
- Content may be individualized.
- Design should be standardized.





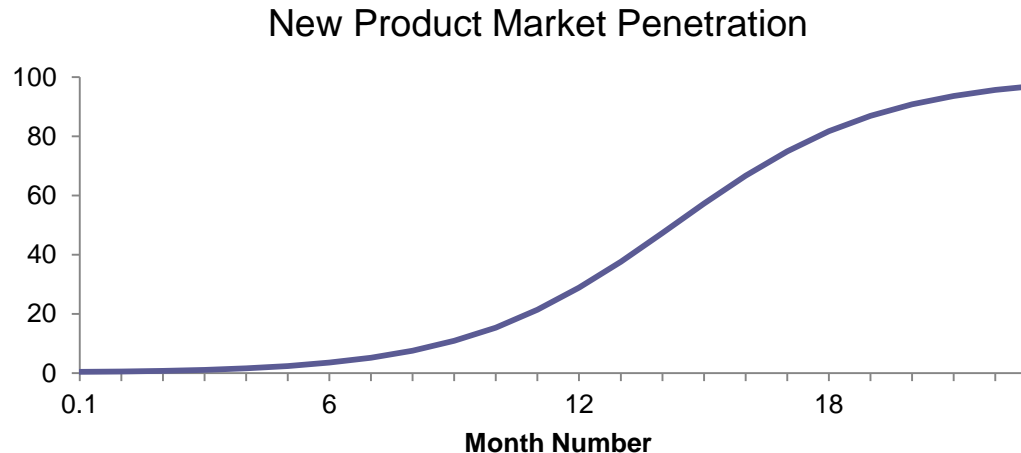
# Best Practice Focus

- Best practices are objective guides to what is likely to work best.
- Many times visualizations are seen as being “design” and subject to “taste”.
- Visualizations should be guided by:
  - Human cognition
  - Accurate representations of data
  - Preferred message (consciously designed by visualization developer)



# Graphs and Tables

- Graphs and Charts depict visual representations and relationships



- Tables show data organized for lookup of specific, precise values or items.

Order Type	No of Orders	Sales	Billed Quantity	Actual Unit Price
Express	13,980	\$14,027,034	1,117,199	\$12.56
Secure	29,347	\$28,513,745	2,326,540	\$12.26
Standard	27,673	\$27,459,221	2,213,482	\$12.41
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>71,000</b>	<b>\$70,000,000</b>	<b>5,657,221</b>	<b>\$12.37</b>



# Tables

- Tables can present data from at drastically different scales.
- Tables can present very different data types simultaneously.
- Tables can repeat and include multiple sets of the same data values.
- Tables are extraordinarily dense and include numerous data relationships without direct distortion of the data itself.





# Keys to Effective Tables

- Eliminate unnecessary gridlines
- Enable column and row sorting
- Avoid scrolling (if possible)
- Display significant figures
- Judiciously use conditional formatting
- Avoid putting text in color
- Left justify text cells and Right justify numerical cells
- Align the decimal point for numerical cells
- Prefer smaller tables
- Write informative titles for tables and column head descriptions
- Be transparent about data selection
- Enable roll overs for meta data for commonly used tables



# Keys to Effective Graphs

- Do not use 3-D effects.
- Avoid “stop light” color palette.
- Prefer pastel color palettes.
- Avoid bright colors.
- Do not use round gauges or dials.
- Eliminate gridlines, drop shadows, and other graphics.
- Enable interaction for “exploration” graphs
- Prioritize a single message for “explanation” graphs
- Alignment, proximity, contrast.



# Maps

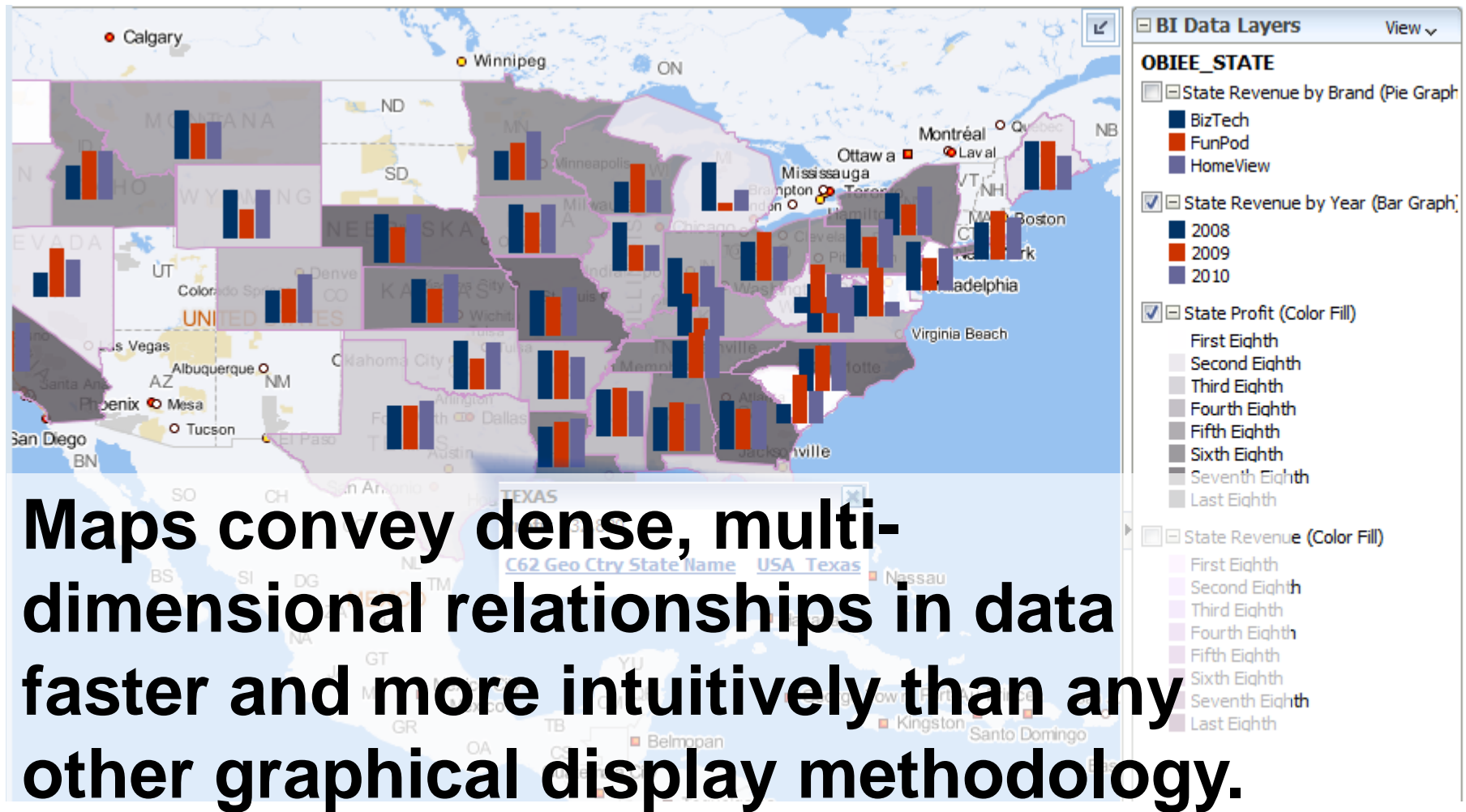
- Humans think spatially
- Types of maps
- Map best practices
- Making meaningful maps
- Built-in data sets
- HERE (NAVTEQ) data sets and POI data
- Sources for additional data sets







# Why Maps are Powerful





# What is Spatial Data?

- Business data that contains or describes location
  - Street and postal address (customers, stores, factory, etc.)
  - Sales data (sales territory, customer registration, etc.)
  - Assets (cell towers, pipe lines, electrical transformers, etc.)
  - Geographic features (roads, rivers, parks, etc.)
- Anything connected to a physical location



# When Are Map Views Useful?

- Visualizing data related to geographic locations.
- Showing or detecting spatial relationships and patterns.
- Showing lots of data in a relatively small area.
- Drilling down from a (map) overview to a detailed report, chart, or graph.
- When is location important? Can the dimension be plotted on a map?



# Map View Tips

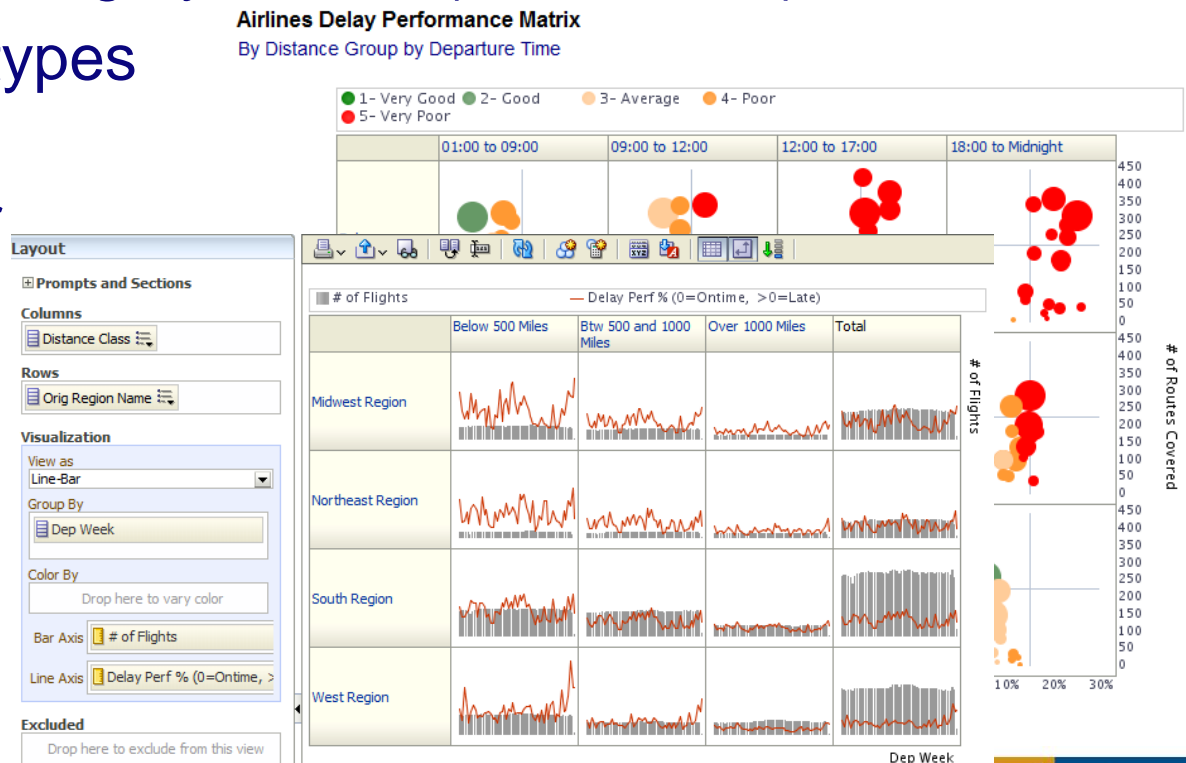
- Think about what scale to use. Different map scales will reveal different patterns and insights.
- Use Variable marker to display two measures on a map at a point – size and color.
- Avoid overlapping shapes too much.
- Be aware of spatial distortions E.g. Texas is larger than Connecticut.
- Look at color palette. [www.colorbrewer2.org](http://www.colorbrewer2.org)



# Trellis View - Simple

- Single type of inner visualization
- Common synchronized scale across all graphs
- Has scale showing by default (can turn off)
- Lots of graph types

- Vertical Bar
- Horizontal Bar
- Line
- Area
- Line-Bar
- Pie
- Scatter
- Bubble







# Trellis View - Advanced

- Pivot table with numbers or graphs in cells
- Each microchart has its own scale and not shown
- Most often used to see trend lines
- No axis description, so across should be time
- Can have different visualizations for different measures

- Spark bar
- Spark line
- Spark area
- numbers

**Layout**

**Prompts and Sections**

**Columns**  
Distance Class

**Rows**  
Orig Region Name

**Measures**  
Passengers x Miles  
Freight (Tons)

**Visualization**  
Passengers x Miles  
View as: Spark Bar  
Bars: ☒ Dep Month

**Excluded**  
Drop here to exclude from this view

	Below 500 Miles				Btw 500 and 1000 Miles			
	Passengers x Miles	Freight (Tons) x Miles	# of Flights	Air Time (Min)	Passengers x Miles	Freight (Tons) x Miles	# of Flights	Air Time (Min)
Midwest Region				100,351,347				42,514,617
Northeast Region				69,311,220				27,952,248
South Region				207,307,137				80,311,239
West Region				119,467,902				72,028,127



# General Advice

- Dealing with executives who have seen flashy demos and purchased systems because of them
- The need for continual development
- The need for continual training
- The long road
- The perfect is the enemy of the good
- If it's worth doing, it's worth doing right
- Don't settle, the lesson of Steve Jobs and Goldilocks



# Oracle Test Drive

- Free to try out Oracle BI, Advanced Analytics and Big Data
- Go to [www.vlami.com/td](http://www.vlami.com/td)
- Runs off of Amazon AWS
- Hands-on Labs based on Collaborate 2012 HOLs
- Test Drives for:
  - Oracle BI
  - Oracle Advanced Analytics
  - Big Data
- Once sign up, you have private instance for 5 hours
- Available now



*Mark Your Calendars Now!*

# BIWA Summit 2015, Jan 27-29 Oracle HQ Conference Center

**Accepting Abstracts NOW!**

Business Intelligence, Warehousing and Analytics  
IOUG Special Interest Group

[www.biwasummit.com](http://www.biwasummit.com)



# Thank You!

Thank You for Attending Session **Dashboard and Data Visualization Best Practices for OBI Applications**

## Presenter Information

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