

Oracle Database Analytic Views

Event: BIWA Summit 2016

Presenter: Dan Vlamis, Michael Caskey, George Lumpkin

Date: January 27, 2016



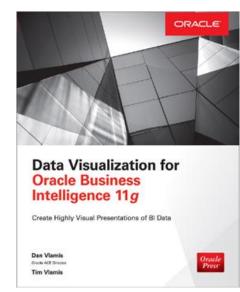
Vlamis Software Solutions

- Vlamis Software founded in 1992 in Kansas City, Missouri
- Developed 200+ Oracle BI and analytics systems
- Specializes in Oracle-based:
 - Enterprise Business Intelligence
 - Data Warehousing
 - Data Mining and Predictive Analytics
 - Data Visualization
- Multiple Oracle ACEs, consultants average 15+ years
- <u>www.vlamis.com</u> (blog, papers, newsletters, services)
- Co-authors of book "Data Visualization for OBI 11g"
- Co-author of book "Oracle Essbase & Oracle OLAP"
- Oracle University Partner
- Oracle Gold Partner





Foundation Suite 11g









Presenter Background

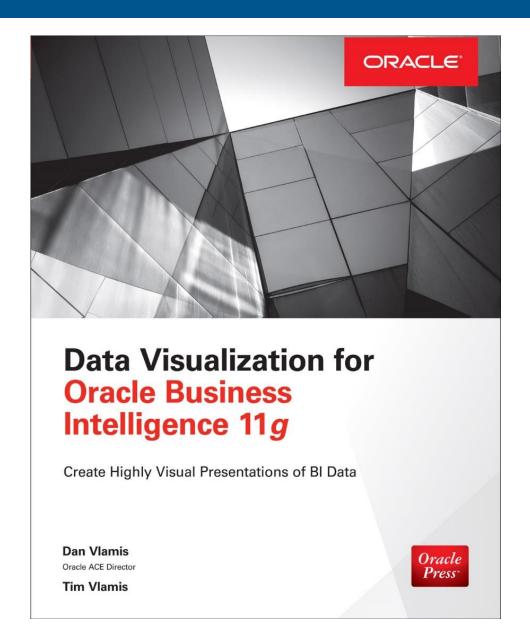
- Dan (OLAP expert and career IT guy)
- 25+ Years in business intelligence/executive information systems
- Led development team at IRI
- Founded Vlamis Software Solutions 20+ years ago in 1993
- Author, speaker, Oracle ACE Director
- BA Computer Science Brown University
- Mike (IT Architect and hands-on expert)
- 20+ years in data warehousing, software engineer and OLAP
- 10+ years of this time in Healthcare Bl as co-founder and lead architect of a software company, developing 6 product solutions
- Expert in multiple Enterprise Data Warehouse design and implementations across industries
- Special Guest George Lumpkin (Oracle VP, DW Product Management)
- Been with Oracle since 1991





Drawing for Free Book

Add business card to basket or fill out card





The information we are about to discuss was discovered and analyzed from an Oracle Open World 2015 presentation. The Oracle Database 12.2 is still in Beta and scheduled for release later this year.

Some slides have been created from audience pictures taken during this presentation.



- Current approach to BI
- Coming Soon Analytic Views
- Demonstration (Beta DB 12.2 Analytic Views)





Today's Approach to Bl

Simple Tables and Complex Queries

BI Tools and Applications
Business Model and Calculations
Complex Query Generator

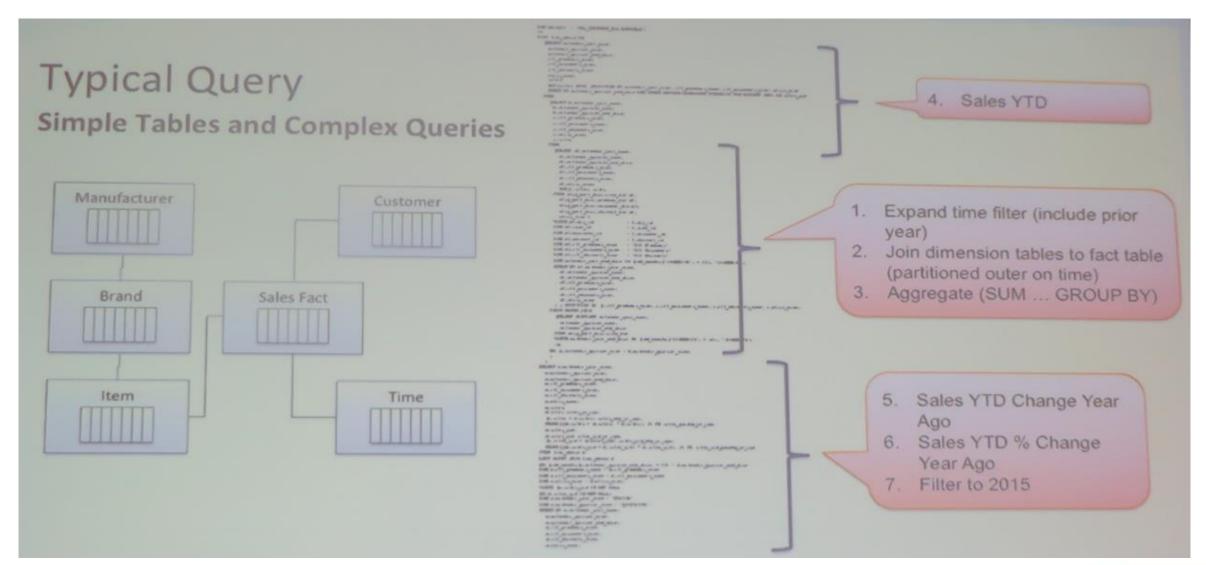
Database
Data and Query Processing

- Metadata and calculations are defined in the application layer
 - Lack of re-use / repetitive work
 - Potential for inconsistent results
- Requires complex query generators
 - Makes custom application development very difficult





Typical Query





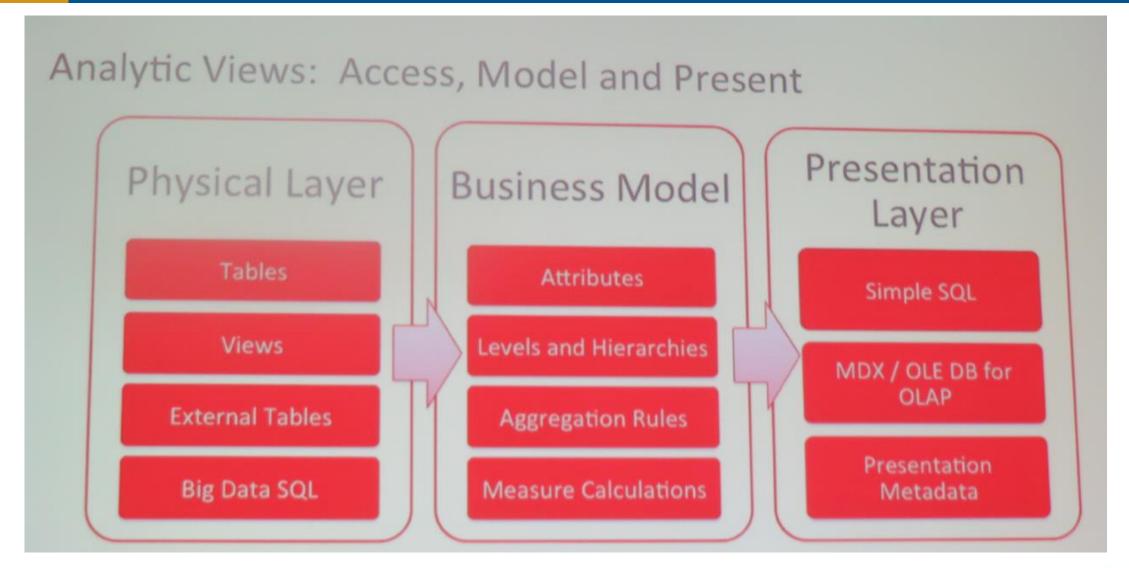
Analytic Views

- New type of view in the Oracle Database
 - Business model and calculation rules are embedded within the Analytic View
 - Purely relational concept no instantiation of the data
- Analytic Views as easily queried with simple SQL and MDX
 - With a smart Analytic view, SQL generation is easy
 - MDX provider (OLE for OLAP), supports Excel PivotTable connections
- Access data from tables, views, external tables and Big Data SQL
 - Use Analytic Views to organize and present a wide variety of data





Access, Model and Present





Three New Database Objects

- Attribute Dimensions
 - Map to data objects with attribute data
 - Identify the roles and columns
- Hierarchies
 - Organizes levels in aggregation and drill paths
 - A new type of view that can be queried with SQL
- Analytic Views
 - Maps to data objects with fact measure data
 - New type of view that can be queried with SQL and MDX





Selecting from an Analytic View

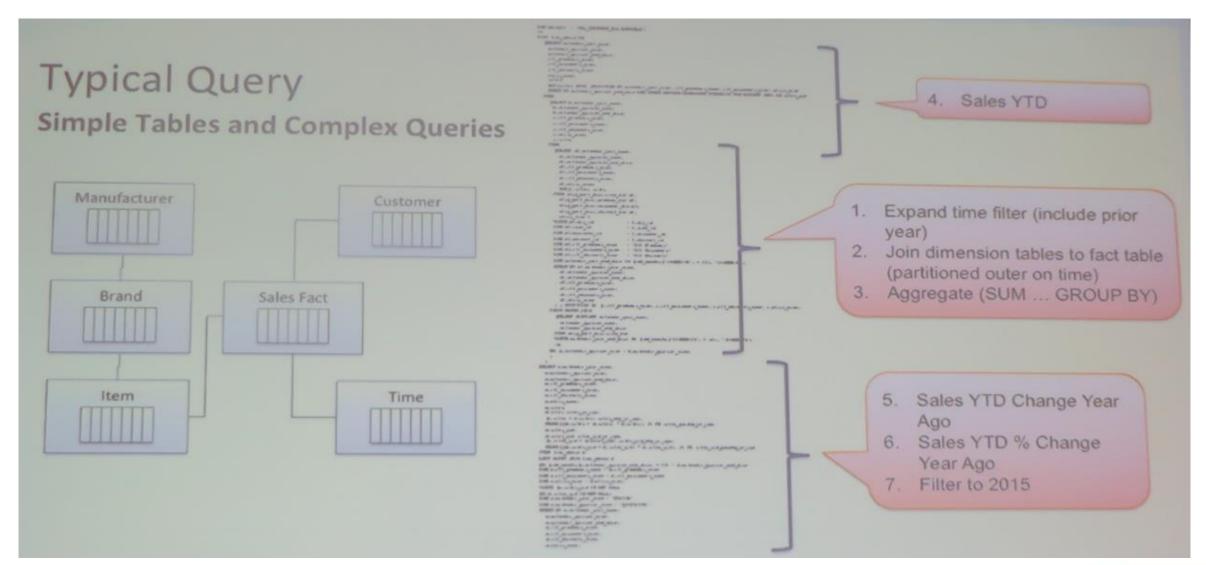
Joined, Aggregated and Calculated

- Joins all hierarchies and fact data into a single view (de-normalized)
 - No Joins required in query
- Returns rows for all aggregate data
 - GROUP BY not required in query
- Presents calculated measures as a single Column
 - Just select the column name
- Query transformation engine accesses and calculates data
 - No pre-calculation is required





Typical Query





Hierarchy Queries

Smart Views and Simple Queries

```
SELECT
  time hierarchy.member name AS TIME,
  product hierarchy.member name AS product,
  geography hierarchy.member name AS geography,
  sales,
  sales year ago,
  sales chg year ago,
  sales pctchg year ago
FROM
  sales av hierarchies (time hierarchy, product hierarchy, geography_hierarchy)
WHERE
 time hierarchy.level name
                           = 'YEAR'
AND product_hierarchy.level name = 'DEPARTMENT'
AND geography hierarchy.level name = 'REGION';
```





Demonstration

