

# Blazing BI with Oracle DB Analytical Options: Oracle OLAP, Oracle Data Mining, and Oracle Spatial

*Heartland OUG October 20, 2011*

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**816-781-2880**  
**<http://www.vlamiS.com>**



# Vlami Software Solutions, Inc.

- Founded in 1992 in Kansas City, Missouri
- Oracle Partner and reseller since 1995
- Developed more than 200 Oracle BI systems
- Specializes in ORACLE-based:
  - Data Warehousing
  - Business Intelligence
  - Data Transformation (ETL)
- Delivers
  - Design and integrated BI and DW solutions
  - Training and mentoring
- OBIEE 11g beta program participant
- Expert presenter at major Oracle conferences
- [www.vlami.com](http://www.vlami.com) (blog, papers, newsletters, services)



# Oracle Essbase & Oracle OLAP: The Guide to Oracle's Multidimensional Solution

- Published by Oracle Press

- Dan Vlamis
- Chris Claterbos
- Michael Nader
- David Collins
- Floyd Conrad
- Mitchell Campbell
- Michael Schrader



- Covers both Oracle Essbase and Oracle OLAP
- 500 Pages



# Analytical Options to Oracle Database

- Oracle OLAP
  - Defines a multi-dimensional data structure that allows information for highly complex calculations to be done quickly.
  - Fast query performance and incremental update
  - Simplified access to analytic calculations
- Oracle Data Mining
  - Refers to the process of automatically sifting through data to find hidden patterns and make predictions.
  - Series of highly advanced algorithms and procedures.
- Oracle Spatial
  - Provides the capability of relating data to geo positional coordinates, objects, and constructs.
  - Allows the construction and analysis of network topologies.



# Spectrum of Oracle DB BI & Analytics

## OLAP

Summaries, trends and forecasts

*“Analysis”*

**What is the average income** of mutual fund buyers, by region, by year?

## Data Mining

Knowledge discovery of hidden patterns

*“Insight & Prediction”*

**Who is likely to purchase a mutual fund** in the next 6 months and why?

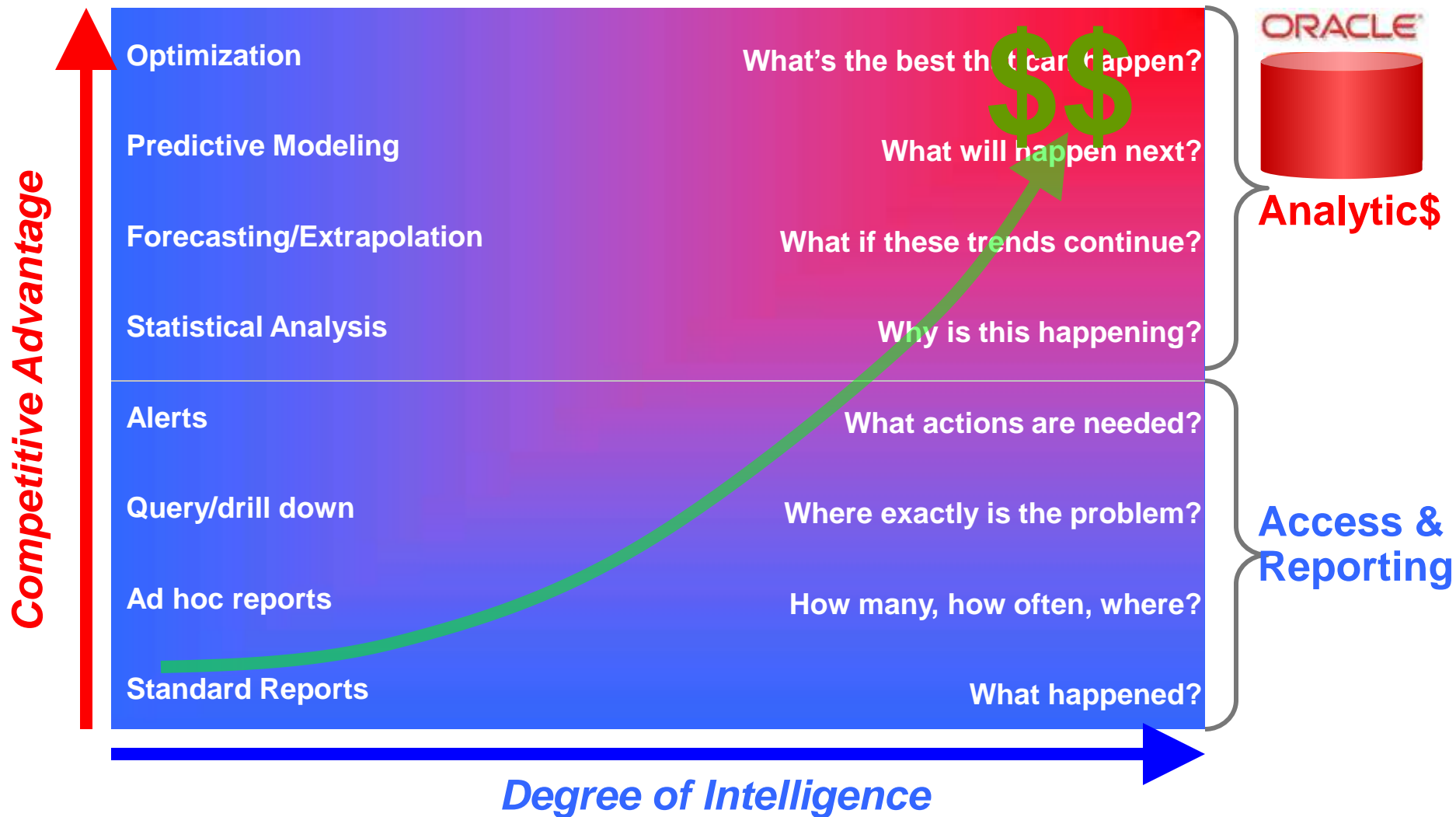
## Spatial

Spatial relationships between data

*“Location”*

**Where were mutual funds purchased** in the last 3 years?

# Competitive Advantage





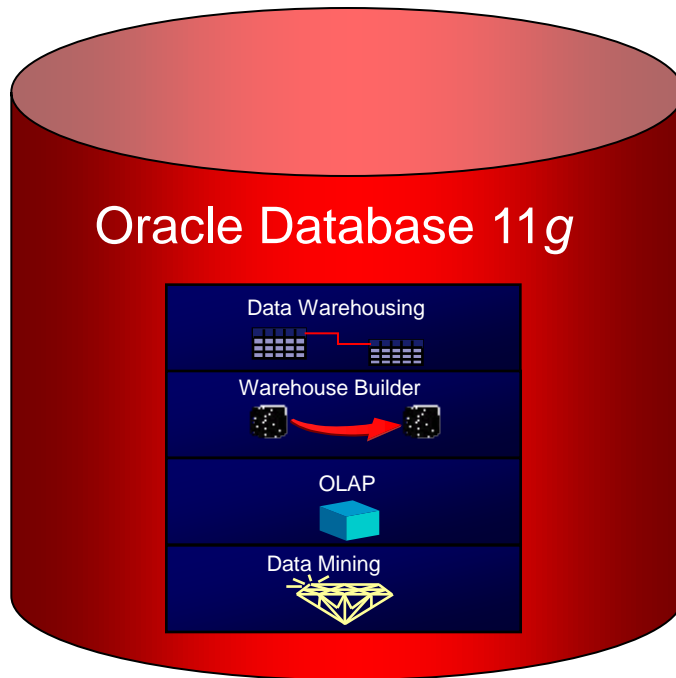
# Why OLAP for BI?

- BI often presents data dimensionally
- Dimensions are natural way to look at data
  - By, across, over, time, geography, product
  - Comparison of multiple dimension values
- Multi-dimensional storage of data speeds analysis
- Natural to express dimensional comparisons
  - Share of parent
  - Compared to last year
- Allows for hierarchical dimensions with multiple levels
  - E.g. by country, drill to state, drill to city



# Oracle OLAP

## Leveraging Core Database Infrastructure



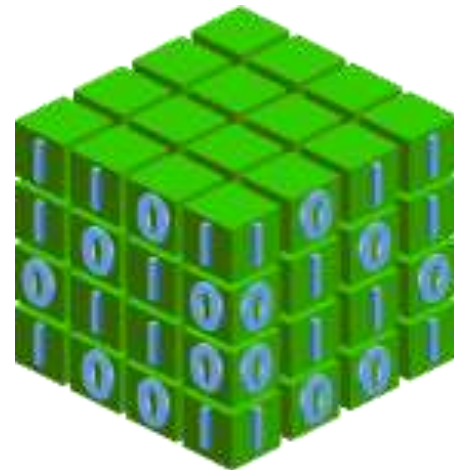
- Single RDBMS-MDBMS process
- Single data storage
- Single security model
- Single administration facility
- Grid-enabled
- Accessible by any SQL-based tool
- Embedded BI metadata
- Connects to all related Oracle data





# Oracle OLAP

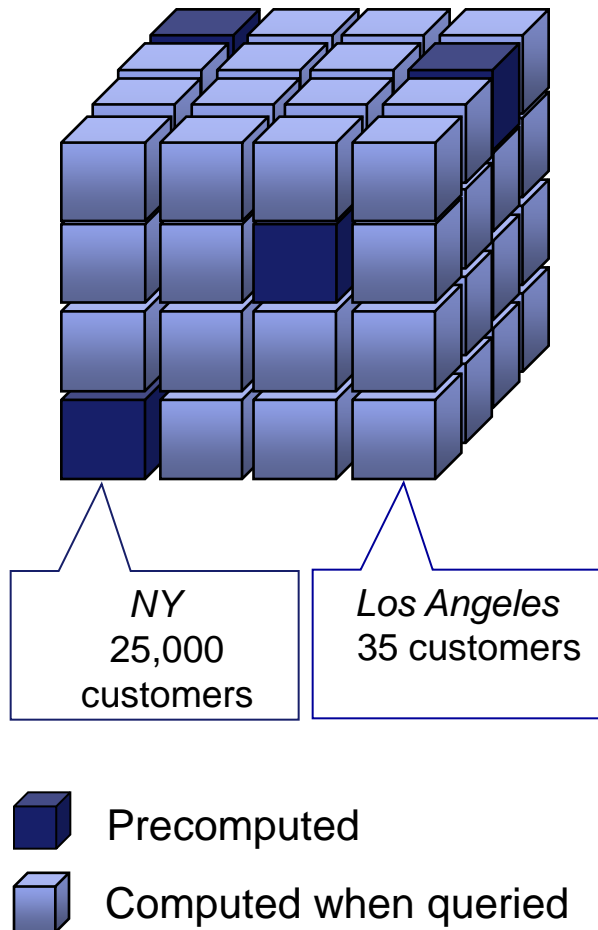
- A summary management solution for SQL based business intelligence applications
  - An alternative to table-based materialized views, offering improved query performance and fast, incremental update
- A full featured multidimensional OLAP server
  - Excellent query performance for ad-hoc / unpredictable query
  - Enhances the analytic content of Business intelligence application
  - Fast, incremental updates of data sets





# Cost Based Aggregation

## Pinpoint Summary Management



- Improves aggregation speed and storage consumption by pre-computing cells that are most expensive to calculate
- Easy to administer
- Simplifies SQL queries by presenting data as fully calculated



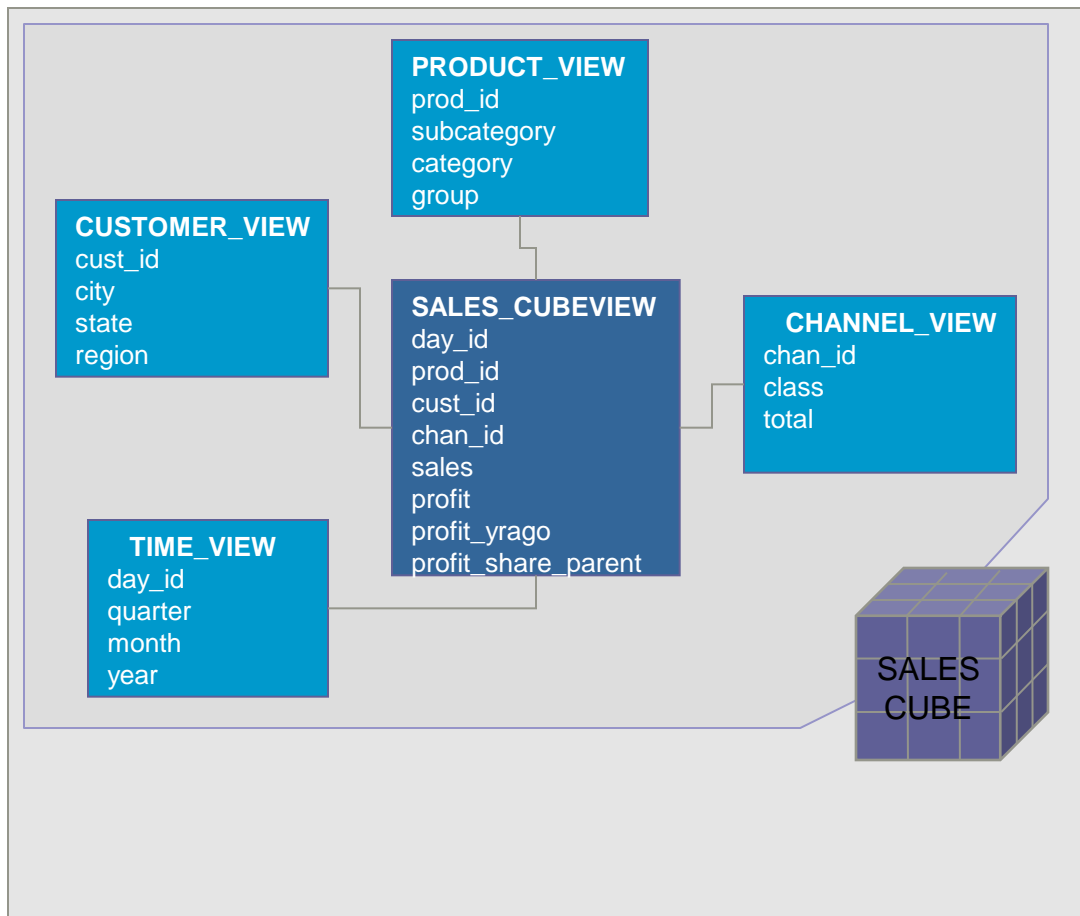
# One Cube Accessed Many Ways...

- One cube can be used as
  - A summary management solution to SQL-based business intelligence applications as cube-organized materialized views
  - A analytically rich data source to SQL-based business intelligence applications as SQL cube-views
  - A full-featured multidimensional cube, servicing dimensionally oriented business intelligence applications



# Cube Represented as Star Model

## Simplifies Access to Analytic Calculations



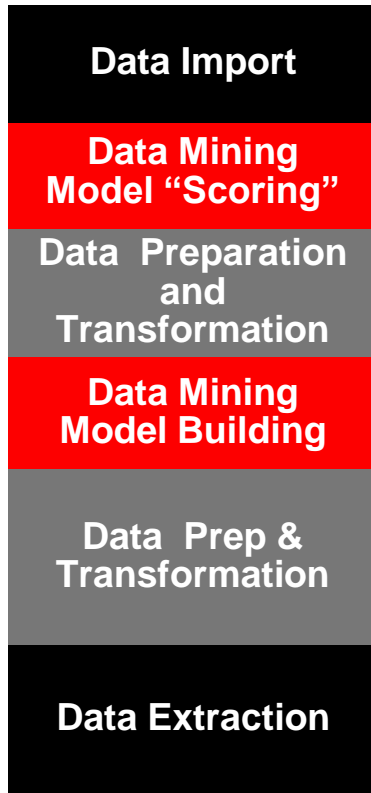
- Cube represented as a star schema
- Single cube view presents data as completely calculated
  - Analytic calculations presented as columns
  - Includes all summaries
- Automatically managed by OLAP



# In Database Data Mining



## Traditional Analytics



Hours, Days or Weeks



## Oracle Data Mining

**\$avings**



Secs. Mins or Hours



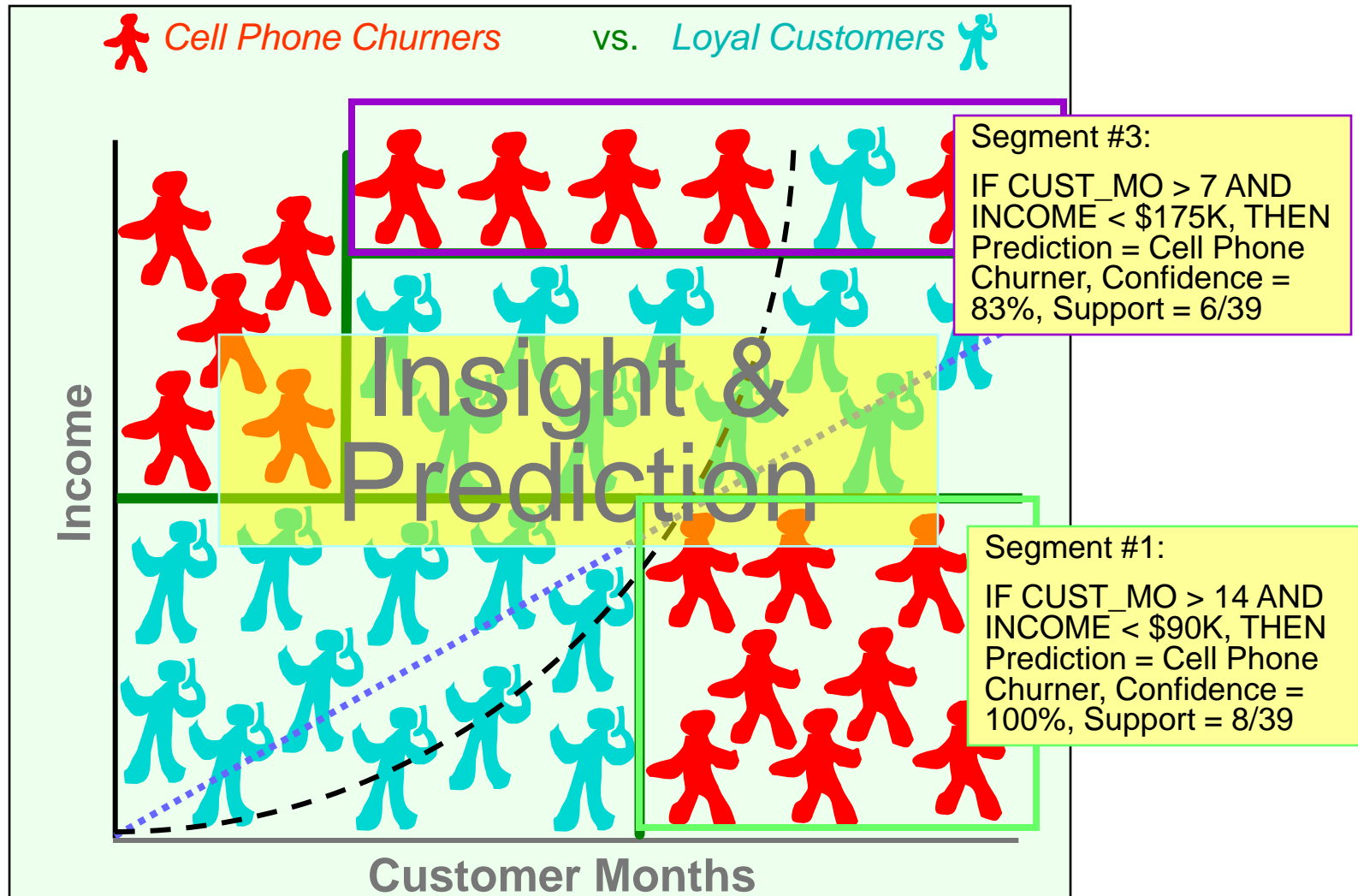
## Results

- Faster time for “Data” to “Insights”
- Lower TCO—Eliminates
- Data Movement
- Data Duplication
- Maintains Security

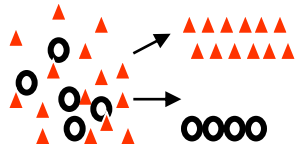
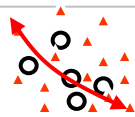
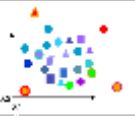
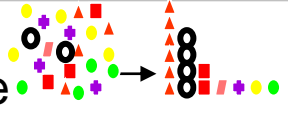
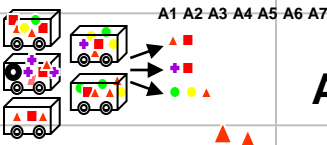
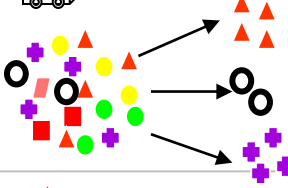
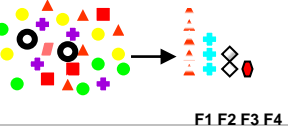
- Model “Scoring”  
Data remains in the Database
- Embedded data preparation
- Cutting edge machine learning algorithms inside the SQL kernel of Database
- SQL—Most powerful language for data preparation and transformation
- Data remains in the Database

# Data Mining Provides

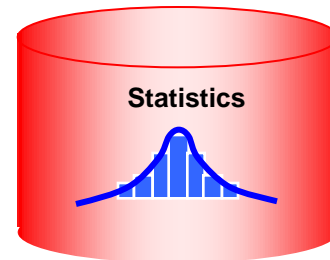
*Better Information, Valuable Insights and Predictions*



# Oracle Data Mining Algorithms

Problem	Algorithm	Applicability
Classification 	Logistic Regression (GLM) Decision Trees Naïve Bayes Support Vector Machine	Classical statistical technique Popular / Rules / transparency Embedded app Wide / narrow data / text
Regression 	Multiple Regression (GLM) Support Vector Machine	Classical statistical technique Wide / narrow data / text
Anomaly Detection 	One Class SVM	Lack examples of target field
Attribute Importance 	Minimum Description Length (MDL)	Attribute reduction Identify useful data Reduce data noise
Association Rules 	Apriori	Market basket analysis Link analysis
Clustering 	Hierarchical K-Means Hierarchical O-Cluster	Product grouping Text mining Gene and protein analysis
Feature Extraction 	NMF	Text analysis Feature reduction

# 11g Statistics & SQL Analytics (Free)



- Ranking functions
  - rank, dense\_rank, cume\_dist, percent\_rank, ntile
- Window Aggregate functions (moving and cumulative)
  - Avg, sum, min, max, count, variance, stddev, first\_value, last\_value
- LAG/LEAD functions
  - Direct inter-row reference using offsets
- Correlations
  - Pearson's correlation coefficients, Spearman's and Kendall's (both nonparametric).
- Cross Tabs
  - Enhanced with % statistics: chi squared, phi coefficient, Cramer's V, contingency coefficient, Cohen's kappa
- Linear regression
  - Fitting of an ordinary-least-squares regression line to a set of number pairs.
  - Frequently combined with the COVAR\_POP, COVAR\_SAMP, and CORR functions

## Descriptive Statistics

- DBMS\_STAT\_FUNCS: summarizes numerical columns of a table and returns count, min, max, range, mean, median, variance, standard deviation, quantile values, +/- n sigma values, top/bottom 5 values
- Reporting Aggregate functions
  - Sum, avg, min, max, variance, stddev, count, ratio\_to\_report
- Hypothesis Testing
  - Student t-test, F-test, Binomial test, Wilcoxon Signed Ranks test, Chi-square, Mann Whitney test, Kolmogorov-Smirnov test, One-way ANOVA
- Distribution Fitting
  - Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test, Anderson-Darling Test, Chi-Squared Test, Normal, Uniform, Weibull, Exponential
- Statistical Aggregates
  - Correlation, linear regression family, covariance
- Spatial Calculations
  - Distance, distance between, length, area

*Note: Statistics and SQL Analytics are included in Oracle Database Standard Edition*

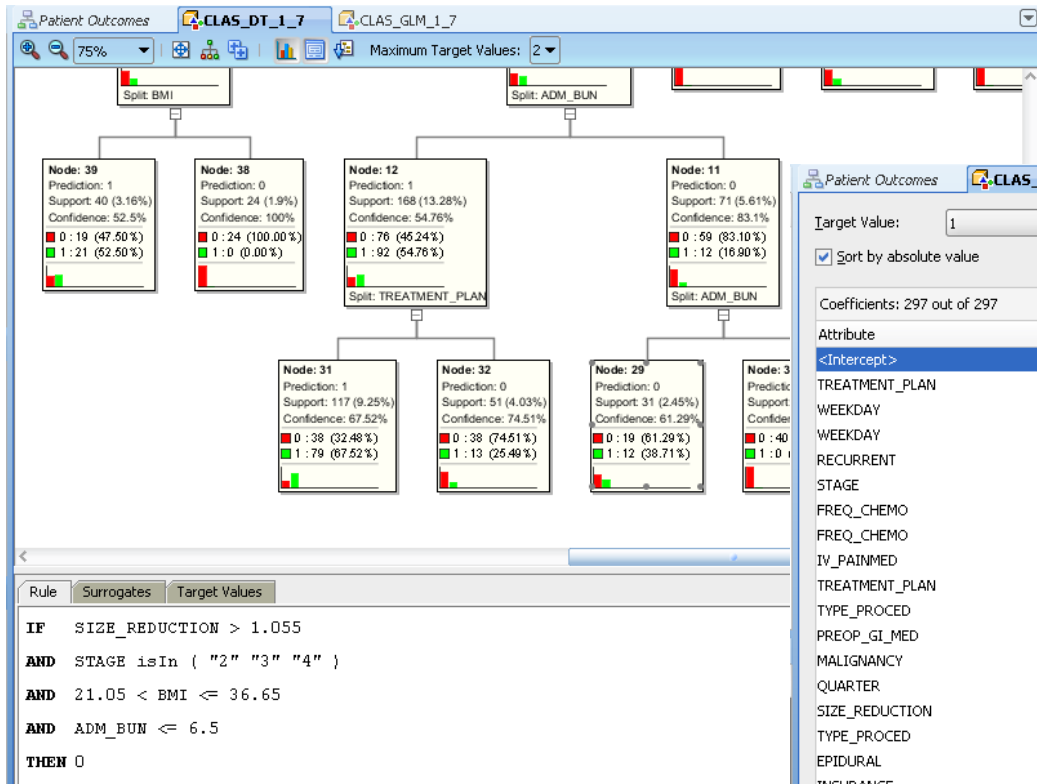
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# Understand Model Details

- Interactive model viewers



Outcome predictive models

Target Value: 1

Sort by absolute value

Fetch Size: 10,000

Coefficients: 297 out of 297

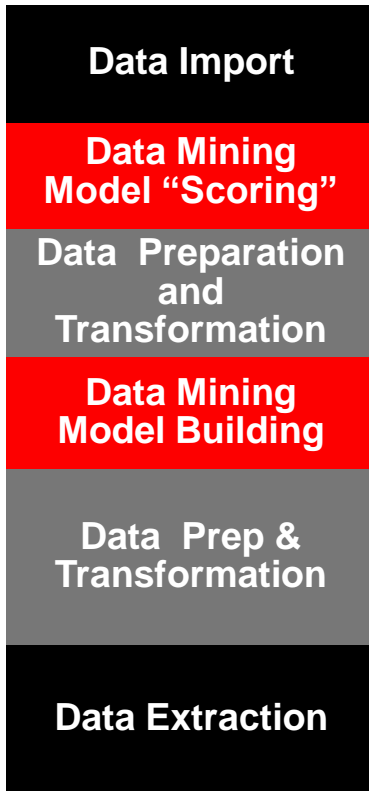
Attribute	Value	Coefficient	Standardized Coeffi...	Exp(Coefficient)
<Intercept>	NULL	-1.83481346	0	6.26396556
TREATMENT_PLAN	Chemo_only	-0.46513283	0.11735002	1.59222567
WEEKDAY	W	-0.40697858	0.0869471	1.50227193
WEEKDAY	Th	-0.34941526	0.05883753	1.418238
RECURRENT	1	-0.33993936	0.07348783	1.4048624
STAGE	3	0.29916993	-0.06150948	0.74143341
FREQ_CHEMO	1	0.29378459	-0.06262496	0.74543705
FREQ_CHEMO	0	-0.26376819	0.05597178	1.30182638
IV_PAINMED	DEM	-0.26085980	0.036163	1.29804567
TREATMENT_PLAN	Chemo&Radiation	-0.25534174	0.03324906	1.2909027
TYPE_PROCD	closed	0.25466832	-0.01992872	0.77517356
PREOP_GI_MED	1	0.25194913	-0.06873117	0.77728428
MALIGNANCY	1	0.24061736	-0.05486614	0.78614238
QUARTER	A	0.23306129	-0.05746447	0.79210502
SIZE_REDUCTION	NULL	0.22915110	-0.15356344	0.79520837
TYPE_PROCD	1	-0.22759025	0.03846051	1.25557075
EPIDURAL	1	-0.22715954	0.05119796	1.25503009
INSURANCE	B	0.21168257	-0.05517357	0.80922152
OR_TRANSFUSIONS	1	0.20613024	-0.0550411	0.81372709
TYPE_ABX	Cipro	0.20248206	-0.02044382	0.81670114
EKG	SB	0.19228831	-0.02216336	0.82506896
IV_PAINMED	TORD	-0.19105185	0.01912802	1.21052222
INCISION	KNEE	-0.18882816	0.01878139	1.20783338
INSURANCE	C	0.18859100	-0.02710814	0.82812514
WT_LOSS_TIME	NULL	-0.17535293	0.11368976	1.19166672
WEEKDAY	Sa	0.17096336	-0.02674837	0.84285246

Details Coefficients Compare Settings

# In-Database Data Mining



## Traditional Analytics



Hours, Days or Weeks



## Oracle Data Mining

**Savings**



Secs. Mins or Hours



## Results

- **Faster time for "Data" to "Insights"**
- **Lower TCO—Eliminates**
  - **Data Movement**
  - **Data Duplication**
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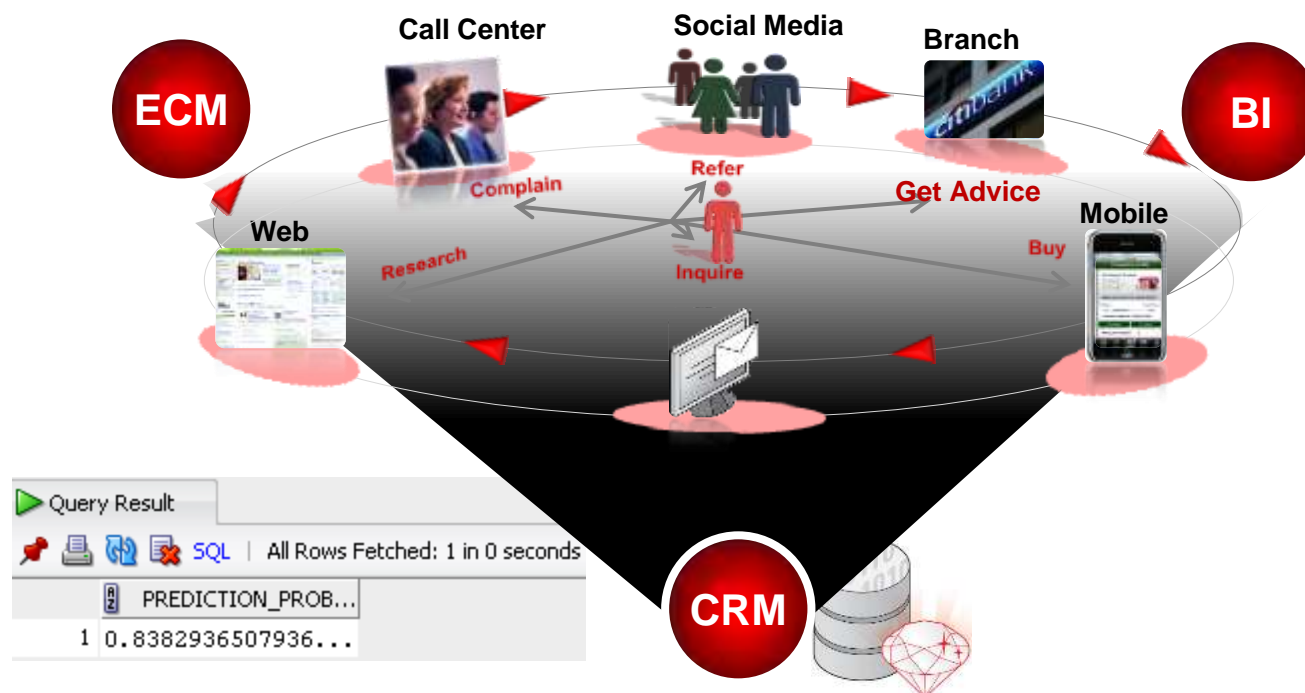
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# Real-time Prediction for a Customer

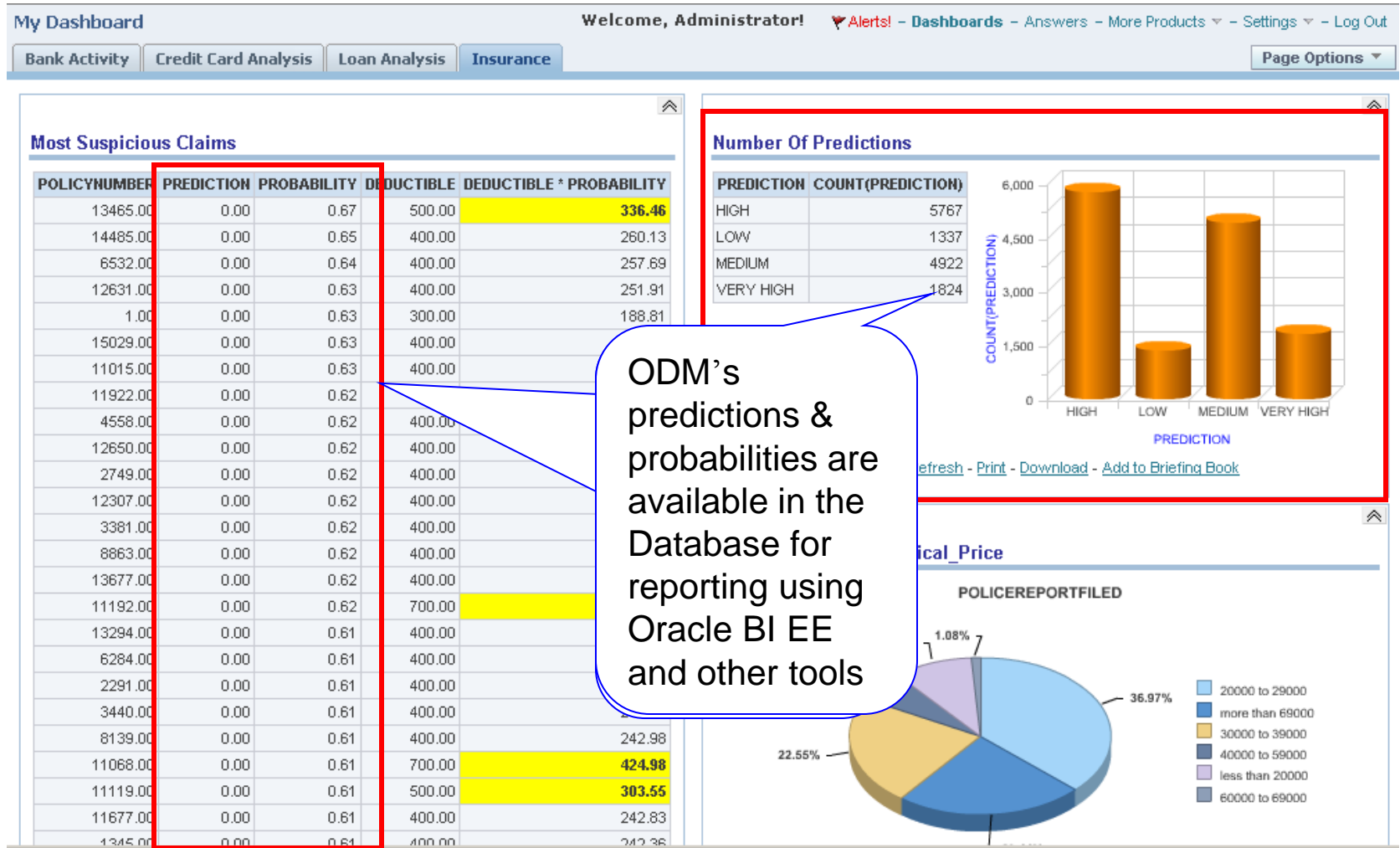
- On-the-fly, single record apply with new data (e.g. from call center)

```
Select prediction_probability(CLAS_DT_5_2, 'Yes'  
    USING 7800 as bank_funds, 125 as checking_amount, 20 as  
    credit_balance, 55 as age, 'Married' as marital_status,  
    250 as MONEY_MONTHLY_OVERDRAWN, 1 as house_ownership)  
from dual;
```



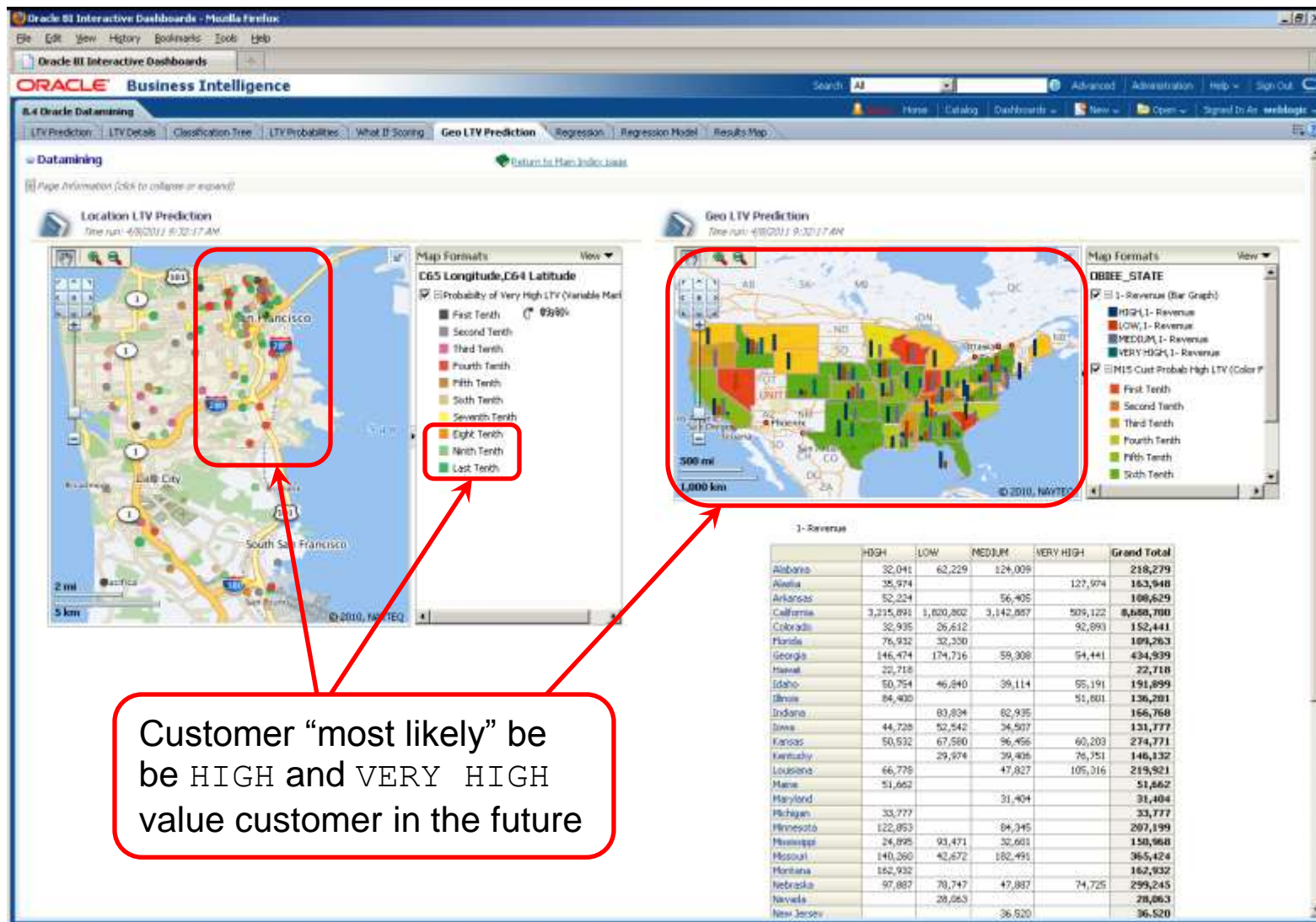
# Example

## Better Information for OBI EE Reports and Dashboards



# Combination of Data Mining and Spatial

- In-database data mining builds predictive models that predict customer behavior
- OBIEE's integrated spatial mapping shows where





# What is Spatial Data?

- Business data that contains or describes location
  - Street and postal address (customers, stores, factory, etc.)
  - Sales data (sales territory, customer registration, etc.)
  - Assets (cell towers, pipe lines, electrical transformers, etc.)
  - Geographic features (roads, rivers, parks, etc.)
- Anything connected to a physical location
- Any data sets that contain “link and node” relationships between data objects. Can be directional or non-directional.



# Natively Manage All Geospatial Data



“Points”



“Lines”



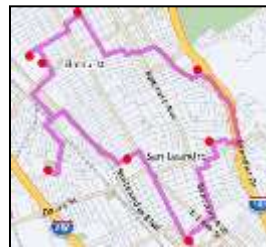
“Polygons”

Web Services  
(OGC)

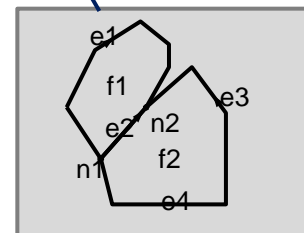
Geocoding  
Routing



Rasters



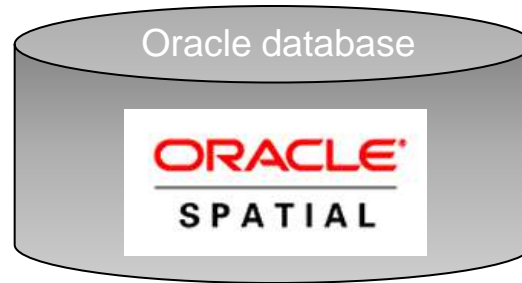
Networks



Topologies

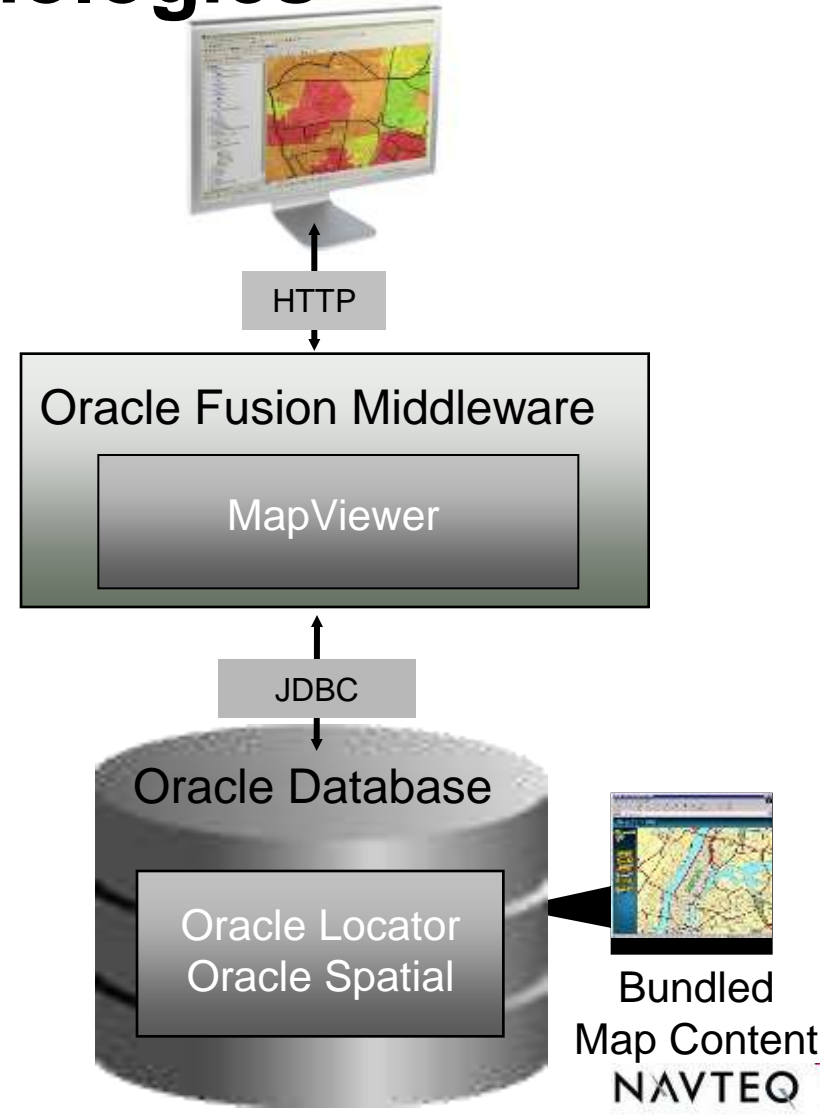


3D



# Oracle Spatial Technologies

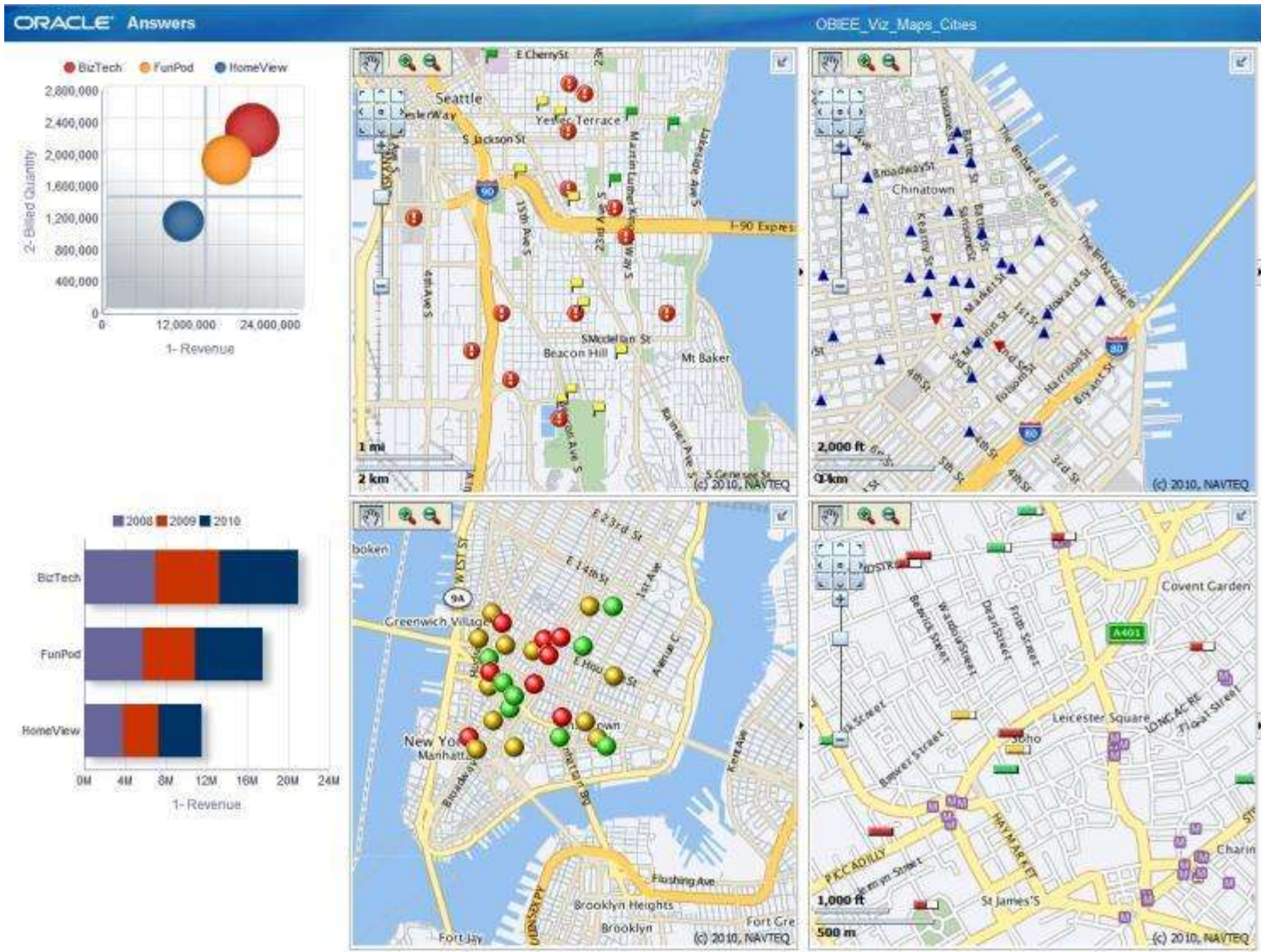
- **Oracle Locator**: Feature of Oracle Database XE, SE, EE
- **Oracle Spatial**: Priced option to Oracle Database EE
- **MapView**: Java application and map rendering feature of Oracle Fusion Middleware
- **Workspace Manager**: Long transactions feature of Oracle Database SE, EE
- **Bundled Map Content**: Major roads, administrative boundaries (city, county, state, country) - worldwide coverage from Navteq







# Depict and Detect Spatial Relationships



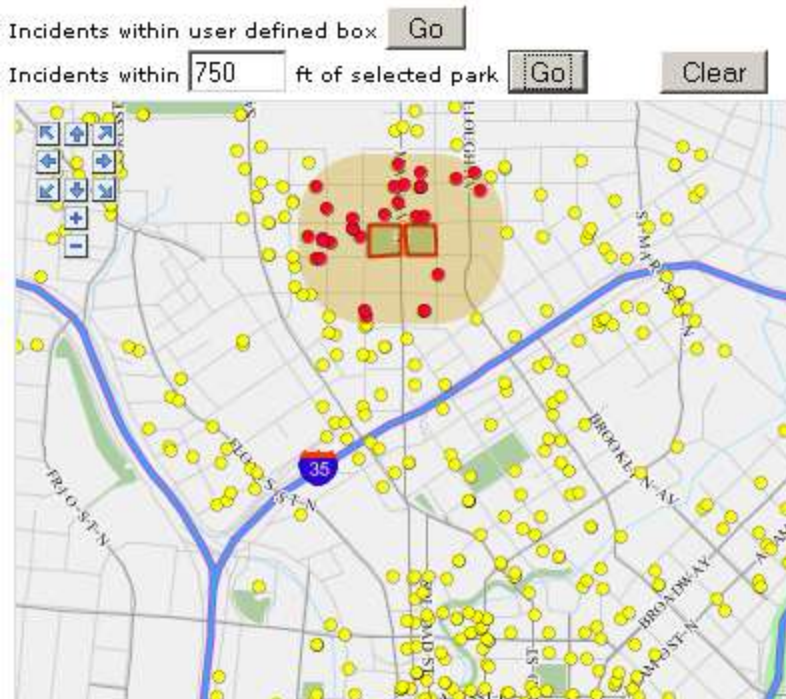


# Why Maps are Powerful

**Maps convey dense, multi-dimensional relationships in data faster and more intuitively than any other graphical display methodology.**



# Some Analysis Is Possible Only with Spatial Analytics



Show incidents within 750 ft  
of selected park

## Complaint Detail

Offense Desc	PD Desc	Date Key	Complaint Key	Service Area	Region
CRIMINAL MISCHIEF & RELATED OF	MISCHIEF, CRIMINAL 4, OF MOTOR	18-Feb-03	1026	28	Central
DANGEROUS DRUGS	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, POSSESSI	10-Nov-02	30099	28	Central
		10-Mar-03	40099	28	Central
HARRASSMENT 2	HARASSMENT,SUBD 1,CIVILIAN	02-Aug-03	1064	32	Central
	HARASSMENT,SUBD 3,4,5	04-Mar-03	1027	28	Central
		04-May-03	31027	28	Central
		04-Sep-03	41027	28	Central
		19-Sep-03	41028	28	Central
ROBBERY	ROBBERY,UNCLASSIFIED,OPEN AREA	09-Jan-04	41032	28	Central



# Oracle Locator and Oracle Spatial

- Oracle Locator is a **feature** of both Oracle Standard and Enterprise Database Editions.
- Oracle Locator provides basic location functionality.
  - Point, line, and polygon spatial locations (SDO\_GEOMETRY)
  - Spatial indexing
  - Spatial operators that use the spatial index for performing spatial inquiries.
- Oracle Spatial is an **option** for Oracle Database Enterprise Edition
  - Provides extensive support for advanced spatial processing and analytics including routing, vector and raster data, topology and network models, and more.



# Oracle Fusion Middleware MapViewer

- A J2EE component (.ear) for developing web mapping applications. Usually deployed in WLS.
- Renders geospatial content stored in an Oracle database. Background maps can be from 3<sup>rd</sup> party providers.
- Provides Java, Javascript, and XML request/response APIs.

